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This is a request for filing a PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT under 37 CFR 1.53(c).22151 U.S. PTO  
60/525067

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<input type="checkbox"/> Additional inventors are being named on the _____ separately numbered sheets attached hereto		
TITLE OF THE INVENTION (280 characters max) <b>HAIR GROWTH INHIBITOR</b>		
Direct all correspondence to:		
<b>CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Customer Number <b>25006</b> → <input type="checkbox"/> Place Customer Number Bar Code Label here <b>OR</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Firm or Individual Name <b>Ronald W. Citkowski</b> Address Address City Country		
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ENCLOSED APPLICATION PARTS (check all that apply)		
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METHOD OF PAYMENT OF FILING FEES FOR THIS PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT (check one)		
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The invention was made by an agency of the United States Government or under a contract with an agency of the United States Government. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No. <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, the name of the U.S. Government agency and the Government contract number are: _____		

Respectfully submitted,

SIGNATURE

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(if appropriate)

Docket Number:

**31,005****HOI-10818/16****USE ONLY FOR FILING A PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT**

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**APPLICATION DATA SHEET**

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## HAIR GROWTH INHIBITOR

### FIELD OF INVENTION

The present invention relates to a composition for inhibiting hair growth comprising at least one enzyme, a two-component hair growth inhibiting system comprising at least one enzyme, a method for inhibiting hair growth using the composition and/or the two-component system, as well as a method for producing the composition and system.

All patent and non-patent references cited in the application, or in the present application, are also hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

10

### BACKGROUND OF INVENTION

To meet the requirement from the public to avoid unwanted hair on various body parts such as legs, arms, and facial region, a number of hair removing methods have been developed, such as using a shaver, wax-based removal of hairs or the like, or chemical removal agents.

15

The use of thiol-based depilatory agents, for removal of unwanted body and facial hair is well established in the art (see e.g. US 4,941,885; US 4,631,064; US 4,618,344). These agents react by reducing hair's protein disulfide bonds to sulphhydryl anions, thereby allowing easy removal of the weakened hairs when washed or wiped away. The combination of thiol compounds with high pHs results in ionized thiols and increased penetration of a reactant. Similarly, urea or other nitrogen-containing substances have been found to accelerate the action of the thiol-component in hair removal.

Another approach to avoid unwanted hair is the development of hair growth inhibitors which act on the hair follicle.

Hair grows from the hair follicle. The total number of hair follicles for an adult human is estimated at 5 million with 1 million on the head of which 5 100,000 alone cover the scalp. In humans, the only external regions of skin devoid of hair follicles are the palms of the hands and soles of the feet. The basic hair follicle structure remains essentially the same throughout the range of mammalian species with modifications for specialized functions.

The hair follicle can be recognized as a separate entity within the skin 10 with formation and maintenance based on interaction between dermal and epidermal components.

The hair follicle is an epithelial structure which undergoes growth cycles throughout adult life. The growth of the hair follicle down into the dermis forming a layered structure with a pigmented shaft is known as the 15 anagen phase whereas a regression phase is known as the catagen phase in which the hair follicle shortens and a part of the hair follicle undergoes programmed cell death known as apoptosis. Also a hair follicle rest phase has been characterized and named the telogen phase (Seiberg et al. 1997. Dev. Dynamics 208, 553-564. Trypsin-induced follicular papilla apoptosis in 20 delayed hair growth and pigmentation).

Proteolytic enzymes hydrolyze or break down proteins. Proteolytic enzymes are used in hair depilation due to their ability to degrade stem cells

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and hair follicles. Examples of proteolytic enzymes are papain, chymotrypsin, bromelain and papain.

Topical trypsin treatment of mice following depilation has been shown to induce apoptosis in the follicular papillae which results in delay in hair growth (Seiberg et al. 1997). WO 98/02134 describes the use of a trypsin-containing composition using as pharmaceutical vehicle non-ionic liposomes consisting of glycerol dilaurate, cholesterol-like compounds and fatty acid ethers. Mice are after wax-depilation treated with the composition and hair growth is effectively delayed and apoptosis at the follicular papillae is observed.

In EP 0622069 papain and chymotrypsin are used in a composition for permanent hair depilation. The proteolytic enzymes are stored in powder form in the presence of lactose. In a liquid solution, the enzyme activity is stabilized by the use of dithiotreitol, ethylene glycol, and ethylenediaminetetraacetic (EDTA). The solution is buffered to a suitable pH according to the proteolytic enzyme present in the solution. Immediately before use the enzyme is dissolved in the liquid. The depilatory activity will be retained for only 7 days when the enzyme-containing solution is stored at 2-6°C and for 4 weeks if kept at -15 to -20°C. The enzyme-containing liquid is supplied by ionophoresis.

Another approach for suppressing hair growth is presented in US 6,375,948 in which plant extracts from the family Juniperus or malts from cereals are the major active compound. Proteolytic enzymes such as papain, chymotrypsin, bromelain, ficin, pancreatin, pepsin or trypsin may or may not

be added in the composition. A number of components usually employed for cosmetics selected from the groups of oils, ethanols, thickeners, emulsifiers, humectants, colors, and perfumes etc. are also included in the composition. The hair growth inhibitor is applied to the skin of mice following shaving of a  
5 selected area of the mice. One application per day was repeated for 4 weeks.

WO 97/44005 describes a depilatory preparation that is applied to the skin by spreading. The preparation comprises proteolytic enzymes such as chymotrypsin or papain solubilized in a microemulsion. The microemulsion contains an inert organic agent and droplets of water in which the proteolytic  
10 enzymes are present. The water droplets are dispersed in the organic phase by use of lecithin as a surfactant.

The organic phase is kept separate from the enzyme-containing water until use. Just prior to use the enzyme solution and the organic phase are mixed by gentle shaking to produce the active depilatory preparation. The  
15 depilatory action persists for 1-3 days if stored at 2-6°C.

#### SUMMARY OF INVENTION

The present invention relates to a hair growth inhibiting composition and system, wherein the degradation of the enzyme component has been reduced or even eliminated. Thus, in a first aspect the present invention relates  
20 to a composition for inhibiting hair growth comprising

at least one enzyme, said enzyme being dissolved in a solvent, and  
water activity reducing agent, wherein said water activity reducing agent constitutes at least 50 percent by weight of the composition.

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By introducing a water activity reducing agent in the composition it is possible to produce a composition capable of prolonged storage without any substantial degradation of the enzyme component of the composition.

In another aspect the invention relates to a system for inhibiting hair  
5 growth comprising

a first component comprising

a first composition comprising

at least one enzyme, said enzyme being dissolved in a solvent, and

10 a water activity reducing agent

a second component comprising

a second composition, comprising

at least one enzyme-activating solvent and/or

at least one anti-inflammatory, penetration-promoting

15 agent and/or

a preservative agent.

In yet another aspect the invention relates to a method for inhibiting hair growth comprising the steps of

providing an individual in need of hair growth inhibition, said  
20 individual having a body part with accessible hair follicles

applying the composition or the first composition of the system to the  
body parts having accessible hair follicles

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allowing said composition to access at least part of the accessible hair follicles thereby inhibiting hair growth.

In a further aspect the invention related to a method for the preparation of a hair growth inhibitor

5 providing at least one enzyme, at least one solvent, and at least one water activity reducing agent, and

mixing the at least one enzyme, the at least one solvent, and the at least one water activity reducing agent in a manner such that the water activity reducing agent constitutes at least 50 percent weight of the hair growth 10 inhibitor.

In an additional aspect the invention relates to a use of a composition for preparing a hair growth inhibitor.

#### DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

Figure 1 shows a schematic presentation of a hair follicle in the main 15 differentiated layers in a mature anagen hair follicle are shown.

The hair follicle penetrates the dermal layer of the skin composed of fibroblast cells and collagen connective tissue interspersed with blood vessels, sweat glands and sensory nerves. The bulb region sits just above the subcutaneous (adipose fat) tissue layer. (Figure from [www.keratin.com](http://www.keratin.com)).

20 Figure 2 shows an assay for proteolytic activity.

Hair inhibiting products are applied to a Petri dish containing casein.

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**Application 1:** Commercial hair inhibiting product, containing papain (Surgi-Hair Stop, Ardell International). Product stored at room temperature.

**Application 2:** Commercial hair inhibiting product, containing papain. Product stored at room temperature (GiGi No More Hair (American  
5 International Industries).

**Application 3:** Composition according to this invention, comprising trypsin. Stored at room temperature for 5 months and 24 days prior to application.

**Figure 3. Photo of lower leg.**

10 **Top:** Photo taken before first treatment.

**Bottom:** Photo taken before treatment number 4 which corresponds to 6 weeks after treatment number 3.

**Treatment 1:** 14 May 2003

**Treatment 2:** 24 June 2003

15 **Treatment 3:** 5 August 2003

**Treatment 4:** 16 September 2003

**Figure 4. Photo of back.**

**Top:** Photo taken before first treatment.

**Bottom:** Photo taken before treatment number 3 which corresponds to 6 weeks after treatment number 2.

**Treatment 1:** 2 July 2003

**Treatment 2:** 20 August 2003

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**Treatment 3: 1 October 2003.**

**Figure 5. Photo of armpit (Axilla).**

**Top: Photo taken before first treatment.**

**Bottom: Photo taken before treatment number 4 which corresponds to 9 weeks after treatment number 3.**

**Treatment 1: 12 March 2003**

**Treatment 2: 7 May 2003**

**Treatment 3: 3 July 2003**

**Treatment 4: 11 September 2003.**

**10 Figure 6. Photo of upper lip.**

**Top: Photo taken before first treatment.**

**Bottom: Photo taken before treatment number 6 which corresponds to 4 weeks after treatment number 5.**

**Treatment 1: 1 April 2003**

**15 Treatment 2: 29 April 2003**

**Treatment 3: 27 May 2003**

**Treatment 4: 16 June 2003**

**Treatment 5: 14 July 2003**

**Treatment 6: 12 August 2003**

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Definitions

Enzyme activity:

- Enzyme activity determined by the quantity of substrate transformed or product formed per unit time. The reaction rate that is measured depends on a number of experimental conditions such as temperature, pH, ionic strength, and the presence or absence of inhibitors or activators. It is only under the conditions specified in the prescribed assay procedure that enzyme units are defined.
- The biological biopolymeric substrates (proteins, polysaccharides, bacteria, oil emulsions) often have a molecular complexity and the fact that the potential number of bonds susceptible to hydrolysis is not known and frequently varies over the time course of the assay makes a Good Standardization Practice necessary. The International Commission on Enzymes F.I.P. calculates the potency in terms of the F.I.P. standard using a unitage expressed in International F.I.P. units.

The activity of a given enzyme is thus influenced by a number of parameters such as chemical and physical conditions as described above. The enzyme activity is also influenced by the action the enzyme itself, a process known as self-degradation, self-destruction or self-digestion. Loss of enzyme activity may thus be due to any of the reasons listed.

Water activity:

Water activity is defined as the qualitative measurement of water's energy state in a given system. The principles from thermodynamics and physical-chemical properties form the basis for this definition. The water activity of a given material depends on the types of interactions the material forms with other components in the composition such as ionic binding, dipolar forces, Van der Waals force, hydroxyl groups in sugars, carbonyl and amino groups in proteins etc. In contrast, moisture is the quantity of water in a sample measured as dry basis or moist basis which depends on the amount of material present. Consequently, water activity provides information on e.g. water migration, chemical and biochemical stability, physical properties, and shelf-life which are not provided by measurement of moisture.

Water activity reducing agents:

Water activity reducing agents serve to reduce the water activity in a given composition. Water reducing agents are commonly used in foods where the agents serve to improve shelf-life of foods and to reduce the growth of pathogenic bacteria such as *Clostridium botulinum* in foods. Polyols such as propylene glycol, glycerol (glycerine), sorbitol, mannitol, are added to foods to provide sugar crystallization modification, water binding, or cryoprotection. Propylene glycol is primarily used as a solvent for colors, antioxidants and flavors but also serves to reduce water activity. Glycerol in foods is primarily used as plasticizer or water activity lowering compound.

Composition

The problem with prior art compositions is among others that proteolytic enzymes when stored in a solvent are degraded unless stored in a freezer. Consequently, proteolytic enzymes are often stored in powder form at 5 temperatures below 2-6°C or in the freezer. Furthermore, some prior art compositions need to be mixed immediately before use in order to be effective. Thus, the prior art compositions are not practical to use, in particular not practical to use by the consumer herself at home.

10 The present invention offers a composition that may be stored at room temperature for a prolonged period of time without degrading the enzymes, thereby facilitating the use of the composition. Accordingly, the composition according to the invention may be used both by specialists and by the normal consumer, since the product is easy to apply and requires no special storage conditions.

15 The advantages by the present invention have been obtained by incorporating into the composition an agent capable of reducing the water activity of the composition, whereby self-degradation of the enzyme is reduced or even absent. It is shown that when glycerol constitutes about 67 percent of the composition according to the invention the water activity is reduced to 20 about 0.7 as measured as described herein. Furthermore, in a preferred embodiment the water activity is reduced to about 0.4 when glycerol constitutes about 83 percent by weight of the composition. Moreover, in a preferred embodiment the water activity is reduced to about 0.27 when glycerol

constitutes about 92 percent by weight of the composition. In an even more preferred embodiment the water activity is about 0.25 when glycerol constitutes about 96 percent by weight of the composition. In an even more preferred embodiment the water activity is below 0.07 when glycerol 5 constitutes 96.5 percent of the composition.

The degradation reduced by the water activity reducing agent is primarily the self-degradation known to occur in enzymes dissolved in a solvent.

10 The water activity reducing agent according to the invention may be any agent capable of reducing the water activity, in particular an agent capable of reducing the water activity to a value below 0.3 when measured according to the assay as described herein.

15 In a preferred embodiment the water activity reducing agent may be selected from the propylene glycol, glycerine, sorbitol, saccharose, and saline, or a combination thereof. In a more preferred embodiment the water activity reducing agent is glycerine.

20 The water activity reducing agent is present in an amount sufficient to provide the water activity reducing effect. Accordingly, it is preferred that the water activity reducing agent constitutes at least 60 percent by weight of the composition, such as at least 70 percent by weight of the composition, at least 80 percent by weight of the composition, at least 85 percent by weight of the composition, at least 90 percent by weight of the composition, at least 92

percent by weight of the composition, at least 95 percent by weight of the composition.

Storage time

The water activity reducing agent as described above is able to prolong  
5 the storage time of proteolytic enzyme, as the reduction of water activity will  
prevent self-destruction of the proteolytic enzyme. It is desirable for the  
consumer herself that the enzyme is active upon storage for a long period of  
time. In a preferred embodiment of the invention the storage time of the  
proteolytic enzyme-containing composition at room temperature is at least 12  
10 months, such as at least 9 months, at least 6 months, at least 3 months, at least 2  
months, at least 1 month, at least 3 weeks.

Proteolytic enzyme

The composition according to the invention comprises at least one  
enzyme, wherein the enzyme is present in order to hydrolyze or break down  
15 proteins in the hair follicle, in particular in a hair follicle wherein the hair has  
been removed.

The enzyme of the composition may be any suitable enzyme, it is  
however preferred that the enzyme is a proteolytic enzyme.

In a preferred embodiment the enzyme is selected from the group of  
20 enzymes consisting of trypsin, chymotrypsin, papain, bromelain. In a more  
preferred embodiment the at least one enzyme is an enzyme selected from the  
group of enzymes consisting of trypsin and chymotrypsin, and even more  
preferred the at least one enzyme is trypsin.

It is preferred that the enzyme constitutes at least 1.0 percent by weight of the composition, such as at least 1.5 percent by weight of the composition, such as at least 2.0 percent by weight of the composition, such as at least 2.5 percent by weight of the composition, such as at least 3.0 percent by weight of the composition.

5 the composition.

Furthermore, it is preferred that the enzyme constitutes at most 10 percent by weight of the composition. More preferably the enzyme constitutes at most 7.5 percent by weight of the composition, such as at most 6 percent by weight of the composition, such as at most 5 percent by weight of the composition, such as at most 4 percent by weight of the composition.

10

In a more preferred embodiment the enzyme constitutes from 2.0 to 3.0 percent by weight of the composition, such as preferably about 2.5 percent by weight of the composition, in particular when the enzyme is trypsin.

15

In another preferred embodiment the enzyme as described above has an activity of at least 100 F.I.P. units per gram of the composition, such as at least 150 F.I.P. units per gram of the composition, such as at least 175 F.I.P. units per gram of the composition, such as at least 200 F.I.P. units per gram of the composition, such as at least 225 F.I.P. units per gram of the composition, such as at least 250 F.I.P. units per gram of the composition.

20

Furthermore, it is preferred that the enzyme has an activity of at most 350 F.I.P. units per gram of the composition. More preferably the enzyme has an activity of at most 300 F.I.P. units per gram of the composition, such as 275

F.I.P. units per gram of the composition, 250 F.I.P. units per gram of the composition, such as 225 F.I.P. units per gram of the composition.

In a more preferred embodiment the enzyme has an activity from 150 to 250 F.I.P. units per gram of the composition, such as preferably about 200 F.I.P. units per gram of the composition, in particular when the enzyme is trypsin.

#### Solvent

The enzyme of the composition according to the invention is dissolved in a solvent. The solvent may be any suitable solvent. In a preferred embodiment the solvent is water.

In order to reduce the water activity of the composition as much as possible it is desirable to only include as little as possible of the solvent. Accordingly, it is preferred that the solvent and the enzyme constitutes at the most 20 percent by weight of the composition. More preferably the solvent and the enzyme constitute at the most 15 percent by weight of the composition, such as at the most 10 percent by weight of the composition, such as at the most 5 percent by weight of the composition, such as at the most 3 percent by weight of the composition. In particular, the solvent and the enzyme constitute about 2.9 percent per weight of the composition.

#### Polymer

The solvent of the composition according to the invention may be cross-bound by a polymer. The polymer may be any suitable polymer. In a preferred embodiment the polymer comprises acrylic acid monomers. In an

even more preferred embodiment the polymer is an acrylic acid polymer. More preferably, the polymer is selected from carbomers such carboxymethylene resins, polyacrylic acid, C10-C30 alkyl propenoate, polymer with propenoic acid, butenoic acid and/or alkyl propenoates, product with propenyl sucrose ether or propenyl 2,2-dihydroxymethyl-1,3-propanediol. In another preferred embodiment the polymer is a combination of the polymers described. In an even more preferred embodiment the polymer is Carbopol® 940 NF polymer (Noveon, Ohio).

In order to cross-bind the solvent of the composition as effectively as desirable, it is preferred that the polymer constitutes at least 0.05 percent by weight of the composition, such as at least 0.1 percent by weight of the composition, at least 0.15 percent by weight of the composition, at least 0.2 percent by weight of the composition, at least 0.25 percent by weight of the composition, at least 0.275 percent by weight of the composition, at least 0.3 percent by weight of the composition.

Furthermore, it is preferred that the polymer constitutes at most 3 percent by weight of the composition. More preferably, the polymer constitutes such as at most 2 percent by weight of the composition, such as at most 1 percent by weight of the composition, such as at most 0.5 percent by weight of the composition, such as at most 0.4 percent by weight of the composition.

In a more preferred embodiment the polymer constitutes from 0.15 to 0.25 percent by weight of the composition, such as preferably about 0.2 percent

by weight of the composition, in particular when the polymer is Carbopol® 940 NF polymer (Noveon, Ohio).

Neutralization

The polymer according to the invention may be neutralized by a 5 neutralizing agent if relevant. The neutralizing agent may be any suitable neutralizing agent, capable of neutralizing the polymer in question. In a preferred embodiment the neutralizing agent is selected from triethanolamine or diisopropanolamine. In a further preferred embodiment the neutralizing agent is diisopropanolamine.

10 In order to neutralize the polymer of the composition as effectively as desirable, it is preferred that the neutralizing agent constitutes at least 0.1 percent by weight of the composition, such as at least 0.2 percent by weight of the composition, at least 0.3 percent by weight of the composition, at least 0.35 percent by weight of the composition, at least 0.4 percent by weight of the 15 composition.

Furthermore, it is preferred that the neutralizing agent constitutes at most 2 percent by weight of the composition. More preferably, the polymer constitutes such as at most 1 percent by weight of the composition, at most 0.5 percent by weight of the composition, at most 0.45 percent by weight of the 20 composition.

In a more preferred embodiment the neutralizing agent constitutes from 0.35 to 0.45 percent by weight of the composition, such as preferably about 0.4

percent by weight of the composition, in particular when the neutralizing agent is diisopropanolamine.

Formulation

The formulation of the composition according to the invention is for  
5 topical application. Accordingly, the formulation is in a form that can be applied to the skin. In a preferred embodiment the formulation is selected from a creme, a paste, a gel, a lotion, a liquid or a liniment. In a further preferred embodiment the formulation is in the form of a creme, a gel or a paste, preferably a gel.

10 Two-component system

In a preferred aspect of the invention, the ready to use two-component system according to the invention consists of two components acting in combination as a hair growth inhibitor. It is desirable that the two components are not in contact with each other prior to use in order to avoid self-destruction  
15 of the proteolytic enzymes. In a preferred embodiment the two components of the system are stored in two separate compartments. In a further preferred embodiment of the invention the two components may be placed in two separate tubes with a screw cap, two containers with a screw cap, two closed flasks or the like.

20 In a preferred embodiment the first component consists of the composition as described above containing at least one proteolytic enzyme, a solvent, a water activity reducing agent, and optionally a polymer, and a

neutralizing agent. Preferably, the composition of the first component of the system is in the form of a creme, a gel or a paste or the like.

In a further preferred embodiment the second composition of the second component of the system according to the invention consists of at least 5 one enzyme-activating agent and/or at least one anti-inflammatory, penetration promoting agent and/or a preservative agent.

The enzyme-activating agent of the second composition of the second component of the system activates the proteolytic enzymes of the first composition of the first component of the system. Preferably, the enzyme-activating agent is a solvent. The solvent may be any of the solvents as 10 described above. Even more preferable, the enzyme-activating agent is water.

It is preferred that the enzyme-activating agent constitutes at least 15 percent by weight of the second composition of the system, such as at least 30 percent by weight, such as at least 40 percent by weight, such as at least 50 percent by weight, such as at least 60 percent by weight, such as at least 70 percent by weight, such as at least 80 percent by weight, such as at least 90 percent by weight, such as at least 95 percent by weight.

Furthermore, it is preferred that the enzyme-activating agent constitutes at most 98 percent of the second composition of the second component of the system, such as at most 97 percent of the second composition of the second component of the system, such as at most 96 percent of the second composition of the second component of the system, such as at most 95 percent of the second composition of the second component of the system.

In a more preferred embodiment the water-activating agent constitutes from 97 to 90 percent of the second composition of the second component of the system, such as about 97 percent of the second composition of the system, in particular when the enzyme-activating agent is water.

5        In order to promote the penetration of the composition into the hair follicle and to reduce potential inflammation brought about by the composition, a preferred embodiment according to the invention is to include at least one penetration-promoting, anti-inflammatory agent. In a further preferred embodiment the penetration-promoting, anti-inflammatory agent is selected 10 from the group of salicylates, and even more preferred the penetration-promoting, anti-inflammatory agent is diethyl-amine salicylate.

15      It is preferred that the penetration-promoting, anti-inflammatory agent constitutes at least 0.5 percent by weight of the second composition of the system, such as at least 1 percent by weight, such as at least 1.5 percent by weight, such as at least 2 percent by weight of the second composition of the second component of the system.

20      Furthermore, it is preferred that the penetration-promoting, anti-inflammatory agent constitutes at most 5 percent of the second composition of the second component of the system, such as at most 4 percent of the second composition of the second component of the system, such as at most 3 percent of the second composition of the second component of the system.

In a more preferred embodiment the penetration-promoting, anti-inflammatory agent constitutes from 1.5 to 3 percent of the second composition

of the second component of the system, such as about 2 percent of the second composition of the system, in particular when the penetration-promoting, anti-inflammatory agent is di-ethylamine salicylate.

In order to avoid bacterial growth and the like of the second composition of the second component of the system, a preferred embodiment is 5 to include at least one preservative agent, and even more preferred to include sodium benzoate.

It is preferred that the preservative agent constitutes at least 0.1 percent by weight of the second composition of the system, such as at least 0.3 percent 10 by weight, such as at least 0.5 percent by weight, such as at least 0.8 percent by weight, such as at least 0.9 percent by weight of the second composition of the second component of the system.

Furthermore, it is preferred that the preservative agent constitutes at most 3 percent by weight of the second composition of the second component 15 of the system, such as at most 2 percent by weight, such as at most 1.5 percent by weight, such as at most 1.25 percent by weight, such as at most 1.5 percent by weight of the second composition of the second component of the system.

In a more preferred embodiment the preservative agent constitutes from 0.5 to 1.5 percent of the second composition of the second component of the 20 system, such as about 1 percent of the second composition of the system, in particular when the preservative agent is sodium benzoate.

Method for inhibiting hair growth

In another aspect of the invention an individual in need of hair growth inhibition is provided a method for inhibiting hair growth. Preferably, the individual has body parts with accessible hair follicles. It is even preferred that 5 the hair follicles are accessible due to mechanical removal of the hair from the follicle such as by wax-depilation, shaving or the like before application of the application of the hair growth inhibitor.

Furthermore, it is preferable that the enzyme-containing composition as described above is applied to the body parts having accessible hair follicles. 10 Moreover, it is preferable that the enzyme-containing composition accesses at least some of the accessible hair follicles of the body parts.

In an even more preferred embodiment of the invention the enzyme-containing composition is allowed to access the accessible hair follicles for at least 30 seconds, such as at least 1 min, such as at least 2 min, such as at least 5 15 min, such as at least 10 min.

Furthermore, it is preferable that enzyme-containing composition is allowed to access the accessible hair follicles for at most 30 min, such as most 25 min, such as most 20 min, such as most 15 min.

Moreover it is preferable that the enzyme-containing composition is 20 allowed to access the accessible hair follicles for about 30 seconds to 25 min, and in particular about 1 to 20 min when the proteolytic enzyme is trypsin.

In a preferred embodiment of the invention the enzyme-activating composition as described above is applied to the accessible hair follicles.

Further, it is preferred that the enzyme-activating composition is applied subsequent to the application of enzyme-containing composition thereby inhibiting hair growth.

In an even more preferred embodiment of the invention the enzyme-activating composition is allowed to access the accessible hair follicles for at least 1 hr, such as at least 2 hrs, such as at least 3 hrs, such as at least 4 hrs, such as at least 5 hrs.

Furthermore, it is preferable that enzyme-activating composition is allowed to access the accessible hair follicles for at most 7 hrs, such as most 6 hrs.

Moreover it is preferable that the enzyme-activating composition is allowed to access the accessible hair follicles for about 4 to 7 hrs, and in particular for about 5 to 6 hrs.

It is preferable that the enzyme-containing composition and the enzyme-activating composition are applied to the skin in a thin, homogenous layer.

Furthermore, it is preferable that the enzyme-containing composition and the enzyme-activating composition are applied to the skin in amounts such as such as 3 ml per 20 cm<sup>2</sup> skin, such as 3 ml per 20 cm<sup>2</sup> skin, and in particular 1 ml per 20 cm<sup>2</sup> skin.

Moreover, the enzyme-containing composition and the enzyme-activating composition are applied to the skin in amounts such as at least 0.5 ml

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per 20 cm<sup>2</sup> skin, such as at least 0.75 ml per 20 cm<sup>2</sup> skin, such as at least 0.9 ml per 20 cm<sup>2</sup> skin.

Method for producing

Another aspect of the invention relates to a method for preparation of a  
5 hair growth inhibitor comprising at least one enzyme, at least one solvent, and  
at least one water activity reducing agent as described above. In a preferred  
embodiment the enzyme, solvent and water activity reducing agent is mixed.

In a further preferred embodiment the water activity reducing agent  
constitutes at least 50 by weight of the hair growth inhibitor.

10

Examples

Example 1

Formulation without polymer.

Component I:

15

<u>Agent</u>	<u>Percent by weight of composition</u>
Water	0.5
Enzyme (Trypsin)	2.4
Glycerol	97.1

Example 2

Example of alternative formulation, using chymotrypsin or bromelain.

20

Component I:

25

<u>Agent</u>	<u>Percent by weight of composition</u>
Water	0.5
Enzyme (Chymotrypsin or bromelain)	2.4
Glycerol	97.1

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Example 3

Example of two component system and formulation.

Component I:

	<u>Agent</u>	<u>Percent by weight of composition</u>
5	Water	0.5
	Enzyme (Trypsin)	2.4
	Glycerol	96.5
	Neutralizing agent (Diisopropanolamin)	0.4
	Polymer (Carbomer)	0.2

10 Component II:

	<u>Agent</u>	<u>Percent by weight of composition</u>
15	Water	97.4
	Polymer (Carbomer)	0.2
	Neutralizing agent (Diisopropanolamine)	0.4
	Penetration-promoting, antiinflammatory agent (Diethylamine salicylate)	2.0

Example 4

Alternative formulation of two-component system.

Component I:

	<u>Agent</u>	<u>Percent by weight of composition</u>
20	Water	0.5
	Enzyme (Trypsin)	2.4
	Glycerol	96.5
	Neutralizing agent (Diisopropanolamin)	0.4
25	Polymer (Carbomer)	0.2

Component II:

	<u>Agent</u>	<u>Percent by weight of composition</u>
30	Water	98,0
	Penetration-promoting, antiinflammatory Agent (Diethylamine salicylate)	2.0

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Example 5

Water activity (wa) measurements of the components of the system.

	<u>Components of the system</u>	<u>Water %</u>	<u>aw</u>
5	Component I (enzyme + glycerine)	0.5	0.069
	Component II (enzyme activation)	94.5	0.964
	1:1 ratio Component I and II	49.75	0.915
10	Glycerin with water	4.14	0.246
	Glycerin with water	8.28	0.275
	Glycerin with water	16.56	0.420
	Glycerin with water	33.12	0.657

Water percentage was measured using SCALTEC SMO 01 apparatus  
(SCALTEC INSTRUMENTS).

Wa value measured using TESTO-400 ( TESTO AG).

Water % is water in percent by weight of composition.

15      Example 6

Effect on hair growth inhibition in vivo, using the composition on various body parts.

The hair growth inhibitor was applied to lower leg, back, armpit, and upper lip of humans at defined time intervals. The hair growth inhibitor was 20 applied as a thin homogenous layer, using 1 ml per 20 cm<sup>2</sup> skin. Photographs were taken prior to the beginning of treatment and at various time points during the repeated treatments, the result of which are shown in Figures 3, 4, 5 and 6.

Example 7

Measurement of activity and effect of storage in vitro:

25      Casein used as substrate for proteolytic degradation.

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20 ml Ca-caseinate/agar solution is distributed in a petri dish (Ca-caseinate solution: 0.5 g Ca-caseinate, 1 g agar, 98.5 g 0.9 % NaCl solution). 10   
ul of sample (diluted 1:10 in water) is loaded into 3 mm application hole. Petri dish incubated at 37°C for 4 hrs.

5       Figure 2 shows the activity of the composition upon storage for about 6 months, using the activity measurement described above. The activity of the composition is compared to the activity of alternative commercial products.

10      Alternative commercial products show minimal activity, whereas the composition according to the invention displays high activity upon prolonged storage at room temperature.

Application 1: Commercial hair inhibiting product, containing papain (Surgi-Hair Stop, Ardell International). Product stored at room temperature.

Application 2: Commercial hair inhibiting product, containing papain. Product stored at room temperature (GiGi No More Hair (American International

15      Industries). Application 3: Composition according to this invention, comprising trypsin. Stored at room temperature for 5 months and 24 days prior to application.

Example 8

20      The enzyme of the composition is dissolved in water. Enzyme and water constitutes 2.9 percent by weight of the composition. Water constitutes 2.4 percent by weight of the composition and enzyme constitutes 0.5 percent by weight of the composition.

Claims

- 1        1. A composition for inhibiting hair growth comprising  
2              at least one enzyme, said enzyme being dissolved in a solvent, and  
3              water activity reducing agent, wherein said water activity reducing  
4              agent constitutes at least 50 percent by weight of the composition.
  
- 1        2. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the at least one  
2              enzyme is a proteolytic enzyme.
  
- 1        3. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the at least one  
2              enzyme is an enzyme selected from the group of enzymes consisting of trypsin,  
3              chymotrypsin, papain, bromelain.
  
- 1        4. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the at least one  
2              enzyme is an enzyme selected from the group of enzymes consisting of trypsin  
3              and chymotrypsin.
  
- 1        5. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the at least one  
2              enzyme is trypsin.
  
- 1        6. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the solvent is  
2              water.

1           7. The composition according to any of the preceding claims,  
2 wherein the water activity reducing agent is selected from glycerine, sorbitol,  
3 saccharose, saline.

1           8. The composition according to claim 7, wherein the water  
2 activity reducing agent is glycerine.

1           9. The composition according to any of the preceding claims,  
2 wherein the water activity reducing agent constitutes at least 60 percent by  
3 weight of the composition, such as at least 70 percent by weight of the  
4 composition, at least 80 percent by weight of the composition, at least 85  
5 percent by weight of the composition, at least 90 percent by weight of the  
6 composition, at least 92 percent by weight of the composition, at least 95  
7 percent by weight of the composition, at least 98 percent by weight of the  
8 composition.

1           10. The composition according to claim 1, said composition further  
2 comprising a polymer.

1           11. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the polymer  
2 cross-binds the solvent in the composition.

1           12. The composition according to claim 11, wherein the polymer  
2       comprises acrylic acid monomers.

1           13. The composition according to claim 11 or 12, wherein the  
2       polymer is an acrylic acid polymer.

1           14. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the polymer is  
2       selected from carboxymethylene resins, polyacrylic acid, C10-C30 alkyl  
3       propenoate, polymer with propenoic acid, butenoic acid and/or alkyl  
4       propenoates, products with propenyl sucrose ether or propenyl 2,2-  
5       dihydroxymethyl-1,3-propanediol.

1           15. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the solvent and  
2       the enzyme constitutes at the most 20 percent by weight of the composition.

1           16. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the solvent and  
2       the enzyme constitutes at the most 15 percent by weight of the composition,  
3       such as at the most 10 percent by weight of the composition, such as at the  
4       most 5 percent by weight of the composition.

1           17. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the polymer  
2       constitutes 0.2 percent by weight of the composition.

1           18. The composition according to any of the preceding claims,  
2       wherein the polymer constitutes at most 1.5 percent by weight of the  
3       composition, such as at most 1 percent by weight of the composition, at most  
4       0.5 percent by weight of the composition at most 0.3 percent by weight of the  
5       composition, at most 0.275 percent by weight of the composition, at most 0.25  
6       percent by weight of the composition, at most 0.2 percent by weight of the  
7       composition.

1           19. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the enzyme (200  
2       F.I.P-U/g) constitutes 2.5 percent by weight of the composition.

1           20. The composition according to any of the preceding claims,  
2       wherein the enzyme constitutes at least 7.5 percent by weight of the  
3       composition, such as at least 6 percent by weight of the composition, at least 5  
4       percent by weight of the composition, at least 4 percent by weight of the  
5       composition, at least 3 percent by weight of the composition, at least 2.75  
6       percent by weight of the composition, at least 2.5 percent by weight of the  
7       composition.

1           21. The composition according to any of claims 10-18, said  
2       composition further comprising an agent capable of neutralizing the polymer.

1           22. The composition according to claim 21, wherein the agent is  
2 diisopropanolamin.

1           23. The composition according to any of the preceding claims,  
2 wherein the composition is in the form of a creme, a paste, a gel or a liquid.

1           24. The composition according to any of the preceding claims,  
2 wherein the composition is in the form of a creme, a gel or a paste.

1           25. A system for inhibiting hair growth comprising  
2           a first component comprising  
3           a first composition comprising  
4           at least one enzyme, said enzyme being dissolved in a  
5           solvent, and  
6           a water activity reducing agent  
7           a second component comprising  
8           a second composition, comprising  
9           at least one enzyme-activating agent and/or  
10          at least one anti-inflammatory, penetration-promoting  
11          agent and/or  
12          a preservative agent.

1           26. The system according to claim 25, wherein the first composition  
2       is defined in any of the claims 1-24.

1           27. The system according to claim 25, wherein the two  
2       compositions of the two components of the system are in separate  
3       compartments.

1           28. The system according to claim 25, wherein the second  
2       composition of the second component of the system comprises the at least one  
3       enzyme-activating agent consisting essentially of a solvent.

1           29. The system according to claim 25, wherein the second  
2       composition of the second component of the system comprises the at least one  
3       enzyme-activating agent consisting essentially of water.

1           30. The system according to claim 25, wherein the second  
2       composition of the second component of the system further comprises at least  
3       one penetration-promoting, anti-inflammatory agent.

1           31. The system according to claim 25, wherein the second  
2       composition of the second component of the system further comprises the at  
3       least one penetration-promoting, anti-inflammatory agent selected from a group  
4       of salicylates.

1           32. The system according to claim 25, wherein the second  
2 composition of the second component of the system further comprises  
3 diethylamine salicylate.

1           33. The system according to claim 25, wherein the second  
2 composition of the second component of the system further comprises at least  
3 one preservative agent.

1           34. The system according to claim 25, wherein the at least one  
2 preservative agent of the second composition of the second component of the  
3 system is sodium benzoate.

1           35. The system according to any of the claims 25-34, wherein the at  
2 least one enzyme-activating agent of the second composition of the second  
3 component of the system constitutes 95 percent by weight of the second  
4 component.

1           36. The system according to any of the claims 25-34, wherein the at  
2 least one enzyme-activating agent of the second composition of the second  
3 component of the system constitutes 90 percent by weight of said second  
4 composition of the second component of the system, such as at least 80 percent  
5 by weight of said second composition of the second component, such as at least  
6 70 percent by weight of said second composition of the second component of

7       the system, such as at least 60 percent by weight of said second composition of  
8       the second component of the system, such as at least 50 percent by weight of  
9       said second composition of the second component of the system, such as at  
10      least 40 percent by weight of said second composition of the second  
11      component of the system, such as at least 30 percent by weight of said second  
12      composition of the second component of the system, such as at least 30 percent  
13      by weight of said second composition of the second component of the system.

1           37.     The system according to any of the claims 25-34, wherein the at  
2        least one penetration-promoting, anti-inflammatory agent of the second  
3        composition of the second component of the system constitutes 2 percent by  
4        weight of said second composition of the second component of the system.

1           38.     The system according to any of the claims 25-34, wherein the at  
2        least one penetration-promoting, anti-inflammatory agent of the second  
3        composition of the second component of the system constitutes 3 percent by  
4        weight of said second composition of the second component of the system,  
5        such as at least 4 percent by weight of said second composition of the second  
6        component of the system, such as at least 5 percent by weight of said second  
7        composition of the second component of the system.

1           39.     The system according to any of the claims 25-38, wherein the at  
2        least one preservative agent of the second composition of the second

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3 component of the system constitutes 1 percent by weight of said second  
4 composition of the second component of the system.

1           40. The system according to any of the claims 25-38, wherein the at  
2 least one preservative agent of the second composition of the second  
3 component of the system constitutes 0.8 percent by weight of said second  
4 composition of the second component of the system, such as at least 0.5  
5 percent by weight of said second composition of the second component of the  
6 system, such as at least 0.3 percent by weight of said second composition of the  
7 second component of the system, such as at least 0.1 percent by weight of said  
8 second composition of the second component of the system.

1           41. A method for inhibiting hair growth, said method comprising  
2 the steps of

3           a. providing an individual in need of hair growth inhibition, said  
4 individual having a body part with accessible hair follicles

5           b. applying the composition according to any of the claims 1-24 or  
6 the first composition of the system according to any of the claims 25-40 to the  
7 body parts having accessible hair follicles

8           c. allowing said composition to access at least part of the  
9 accessible hair follicles thereby inhibiting hair growth.

1           42. The method according to claim 41 further comprising a step for

2           d. applying the second composition of the second component of  
3       the system according to any of the claims 25-40 subsequent to application of  
4       the composition according to claims 1-24 or the first composition of the first  
5       component of the system according to claim 25-40.

1           43. The method according to claims 41 and 42, wherein the  
2       composition according to claims 1-24 or the composition of the first  
3       component of the system according to claims 25-40 is allowed to access the  
4       accessible hair follicles for a period in the range of 1-20 min.

1           44. The method according to claim 42, wherein the second  
2       composition of the second component of the system according to claims 25-40  
3       further is allowed to access the accessible hair follicles for a period in the range  
4       of 5-6 hrs subsequent to the application of the first composition of the first  
5       component of the system according to claims 25 and 26 or the composition  
6       according to claims 1-24.

1           45. A method for the preparation of a hair growth inhibitor  
2           e. providing at least one enzyme, at least one solvent, and at least  
3       one water activity reducing agent, and  
4           f. mixing the at least one enzyme, the at least one solvent, and the  
5       at least one water activity reducing agent in a manner such that the water

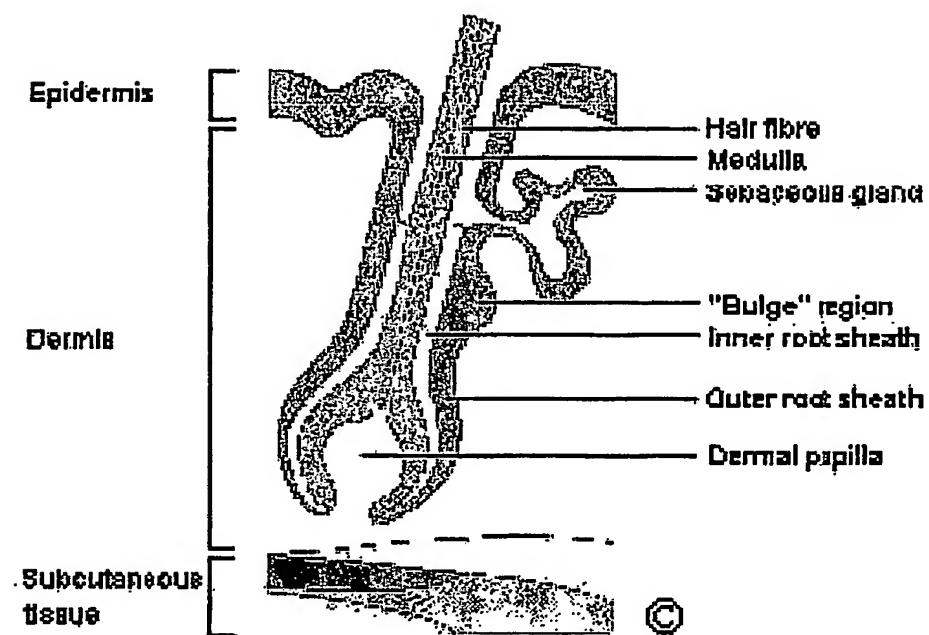
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6 activity reducing agent constitutes at least 50 percent weight of the hair growth  
7 inhibitor.

1           46.     The method according to claim 45, wherein the at least one  
2     enzyme, the at least one solvent, and the at least one water activity reducing  
3     agent are as defined in any of the claims 2-24.

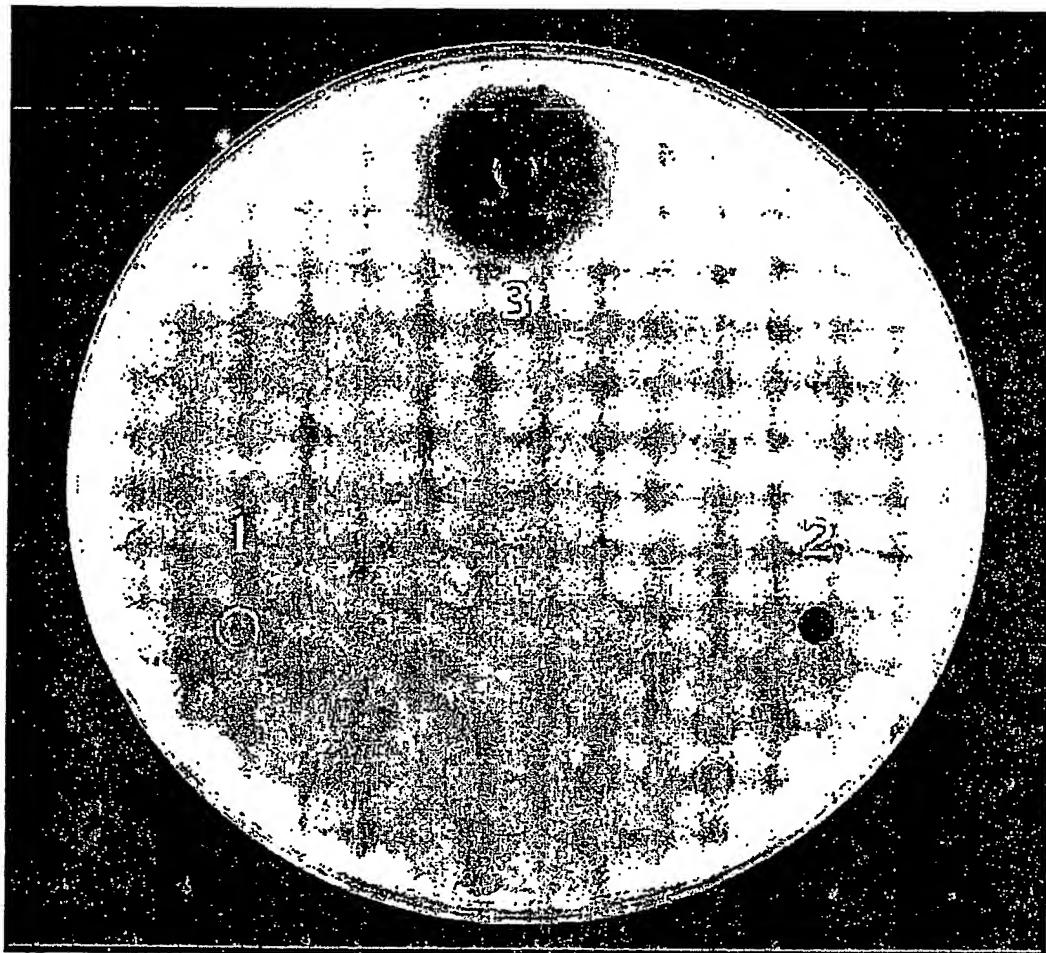
1           47.     A use of a composition as defined in any of the claims 1-46 for  
2     the preparation of a hair growth inhibitor.

**Figure 1**  
(Figure from [www.keratin.com](http://www.keratin.com))



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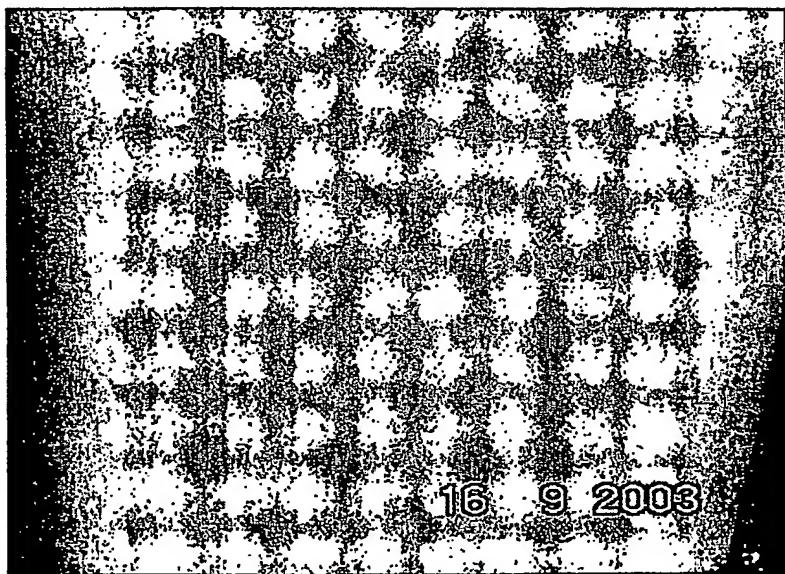
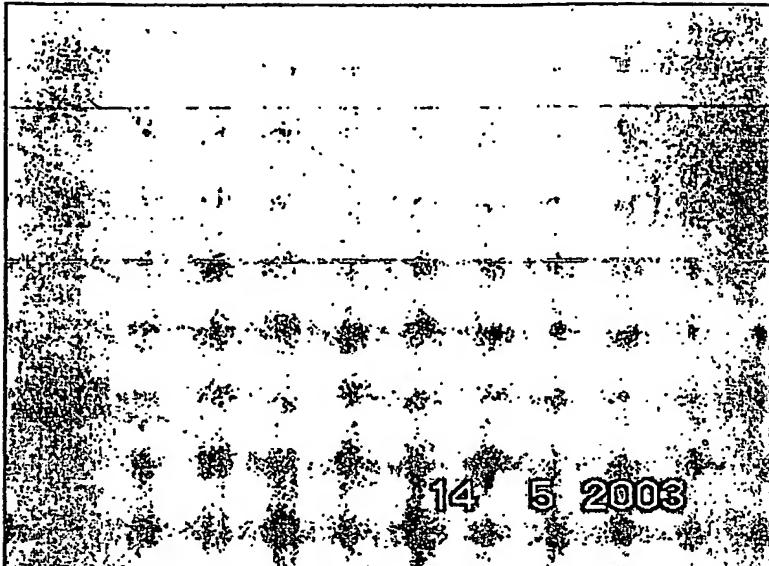
Figur 2



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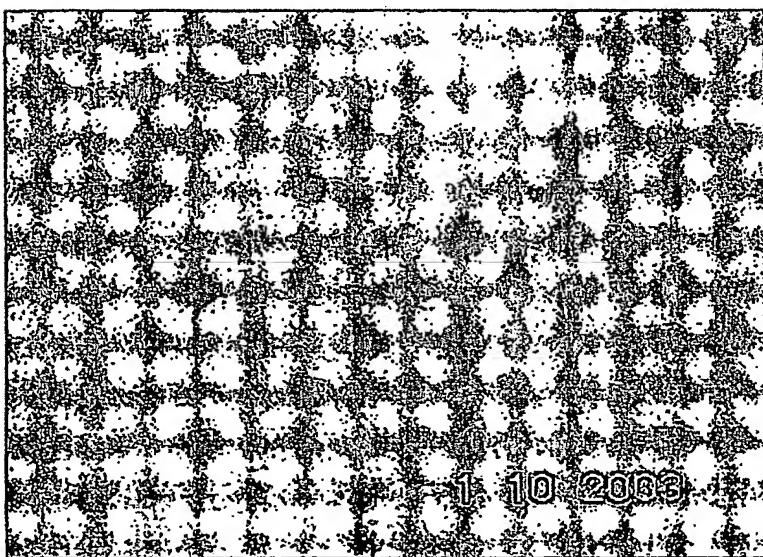
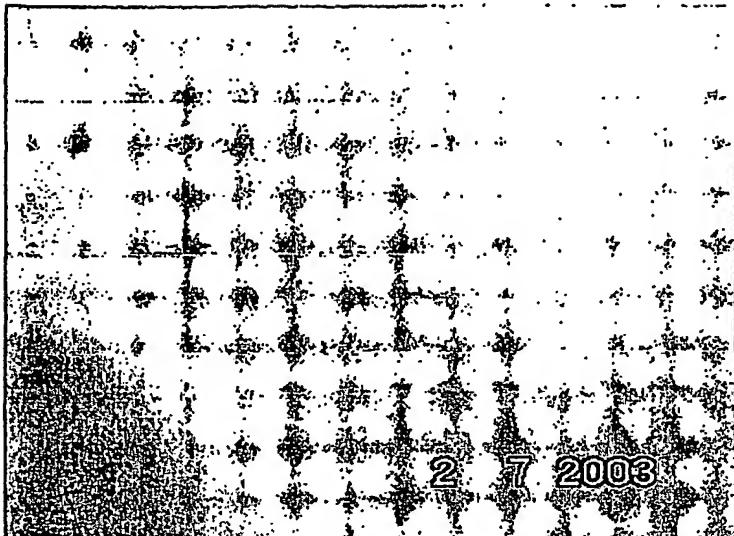
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Figure 3



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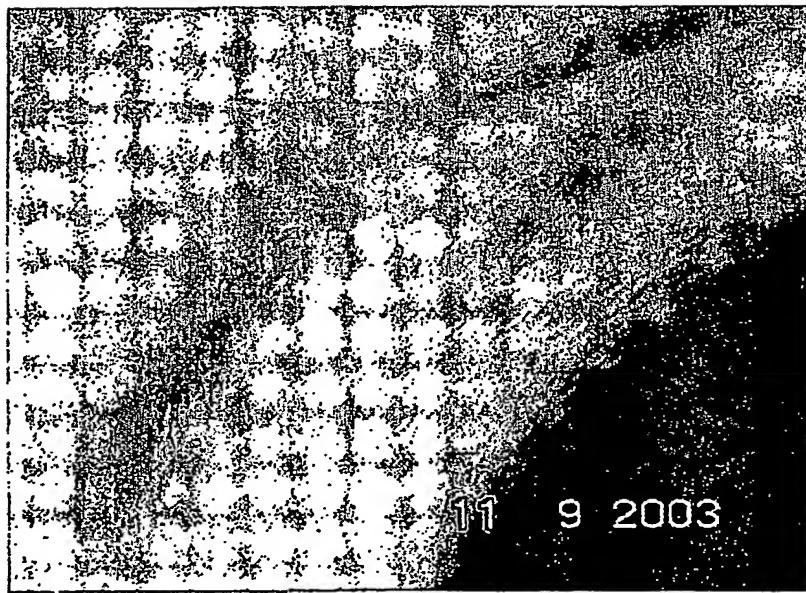
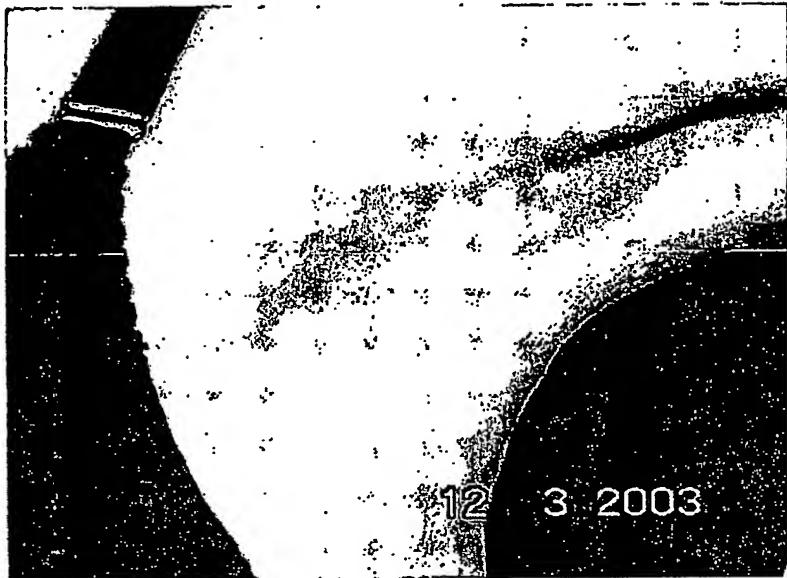
Figure 4



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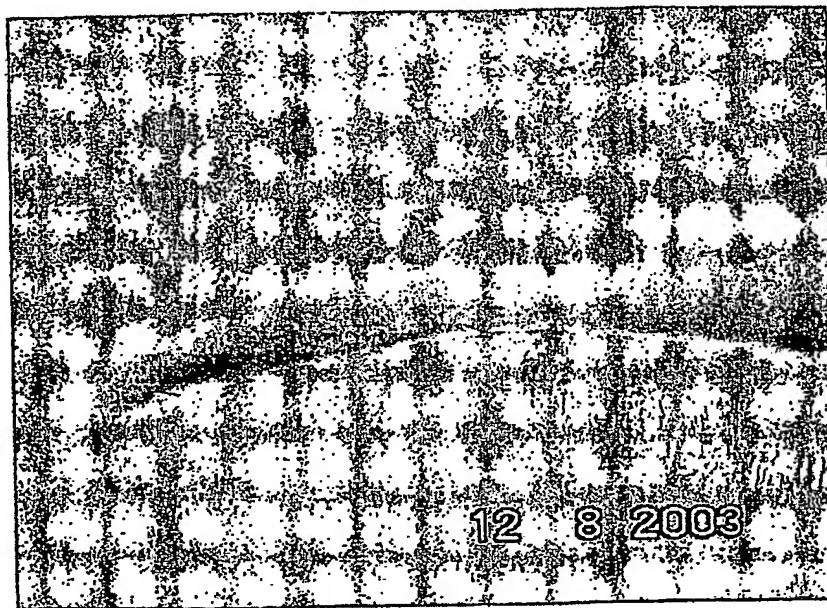
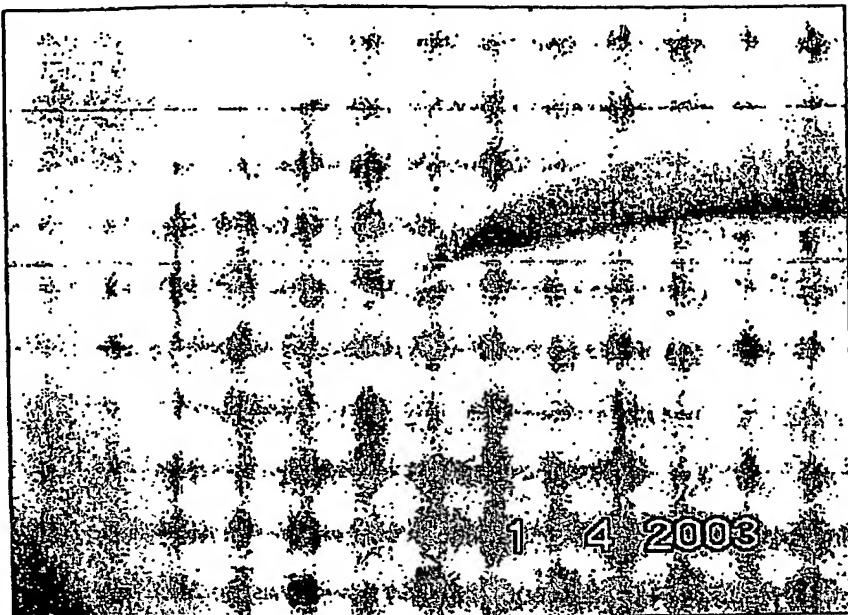
Figure 5



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**Figure 6**



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